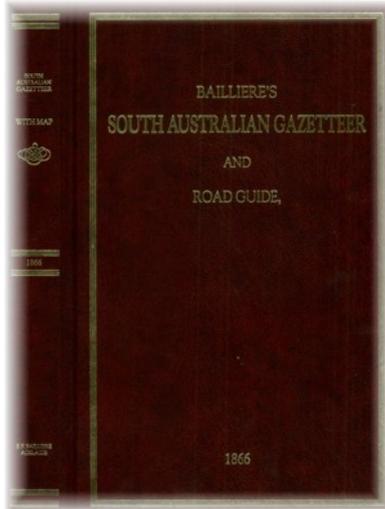


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Bailliere's South Australian Gazetteer and Road Guide 1866

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BAILLIERE'S
SOUTH AUSTRALIAN GAZETTEER

AND

ROAD GUIDE,

CONTAINING

THE MOST RECENT AND ACCURATE INFORMATION

AS TO

EVERY PLACE IN THE COLONY.

COMPILED BY ROBT. P. WHITWORTH.

WITH MAP.

ADELAIDE:

F. F. BAILLIERE, PUBLISHER.

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1866.

it, as well as of the waters of the gulf beyond, is to be obtained, and tourists in search of the picturesque would do well to visit them. The greater part of the county is purchased land, and a very large portion of this is under cultivation, and supports a body of industrious farmers, gardeners, and vigneron. The city of Adelaide, the capital of the colony of S. Australia, lies in the centre of the plain, on the S. bank of the Torrens river, a stream which, rising in the hills to the N.E., meanders over the flat land, emptying itself into a reedy flat about 7 miles distant from the city. The chief towns of the county besides Adelaide, are Port Adelaide; the shipping port of the metropolis; North Adelaide, a residential suburb; Salisbury, on the N. line of railway; Gumeracka, Blumberg, Hahndorf, Bahannah, Woodside, Glenelg, Brighton, Noarlunga, Clarendon, and Willunga. The principal streams are the Torrens, Little Para, and Sturt. The area of this county is 1161 square miles, or 743,040 acres, of which 590,564 acres are purchased land, 294,394 acres being held by freeholders, and there being 463,583 acres enclosed, 176,330 acres under cultivation, and 287,253 acres enclosed, but not cultivated. The live stock in the county numbers 18,908 horses, 26,901 horned cattle, 94,852 sheep, 2666 goats, 21,915 pigs, and 159,015 head of poultry. Of the land under cultivation, 91,786 acres are under wheat, 3104 acres under barley, 1064 acres under oats, 44,936 acres under hay, 1445 acres under green forage, 616 acres under peas, and 153 acres under other crops. There are 23,521 acres of fallow land, 1430 acres of potatoes, 1482 acres of orchard, 2280 acres of garden, and 4513 acres of vineyard, having 3,680,459 vines in bearing, and 1,291,430 vines not in bearing. The gross produce for the year ending 31st March, 1866, was 854,412 bushels wheat, 42,675 bushels barley, 13,367 bushels oats, 42,419 tons hay, 2452 tons potatoes, 617,021 gallons wine, and 26,279 cwt. grapes. The population numbers 78,072 persons against 66,238 in 1861, being an increase of 11,834. The number of dwelling-houses is 16,544 against 15,292 in that year, being an increase of 1252.

ADELAIDE (*Co. Adelaide*) is a central hundred of the county lying round the city of Adelaide, and watered by the river Torrens. It is nearly all purchased land, and for the most part consists of pasture land, and of gardens, orchards and vineyards, although some small crops of grain are grown in it. There are numerous small suburban townships in this hundred, the principal ones being North Adelaide, Hindmarsh, Unley, Norwood and Kensington.

ADELAIDE PLAINS (*Co. Adelaide*) is the name given to the extensive flat lying between the gulf of St. Vincent on the W., and the main or Adelaide range on the E. The city of Adelaide and its surrounding suburbs lie on this plain, which consists of level fertile country, with deep alluvial soil resting upon tertiary deposits of gravel, sand, clay and sandstone, with tertiary limestone, which frequently penetrates 5 or 6 feet into the joints and fissures of the rocks, completely covering them with a thin crust of white earthy carbonate of lime. Large crops of wheat and hay are grown upon it, and productive gardens and vineyards are numerous.

ADELAIDE PORT (*Co. Adelaide*) is a postal and corporate town, the principal shipping port of the colony, and the port of the metropolis, in the electoral district and hundred of Port Adelaide. It is situated on a mangrove swamp, on a saltwater creek or estuary, known as the Port Adelaide channel, about $9\frac{1}{2}$ miles from the mouth in the gulf of St. Vincent, which is entered from the gulf between two extensive sand-shoals, through a narrow creek, and constitutes the outer bar. *There is another bar inside the heads, known as the inner bar; but, by means of dredging, the outer bar has been cleared so as to give a depth of 15 feet at low water spring tides, or about 23 feet at high water, and a channel has been cut through the inner bar, giving a depth of 18 feet at high water neap tides. Both bars have a hard limestone crust, and have been difficult and expensive to deal with; and although little inconvenience or delay need be experienced by ships up to 800 tons register, still, vessels of 1000 to 1200 must lighten considerably outside before they can venture to cross the bars. The question, therefore, of the enlargement of the port, which has been for some time before the public, is one of immediate consequence, if pace is to be kept with the great wealth-producing powers of the colony. Port Adelaide lies on the E. side of the creek, in a low situation, and surrounded by swamp; it is not, however, unhealthy, as the water is salt. Some of the lower streets are, however, liable to inundation, and a vast amount of property was destroyed some time back by a catastrophe of this nature. The channel or entrance to Port Adelaide runs between sandy banks; and is bounded on the W. by a sandy piece of land known as Lefevre's peninsula, and on the E. by the mainland. It is, however, divided into two branches by a large sandy island, known as Torrens island

hundred of Alma, established for the convenience of the surrounding agricultural population. It lies 68 miles N. of Adelaide.

HUNTER, MOUNT, 27° 25' S. lat., 136° 45' E. long. (*Flinders district N.*) is a flat-topped hill lying in a sandy plain, with low ranges of sand-hills on the N. side of the Frew river, and to the W. of lake Eyre. It was seen and named by Stuart, during his exploration in March, 1860, from his camp on Neales river.

HURC, MOUNT, (*Flinders district.*) See URO MOUNT.

HURTLE VALE (*Co. Hindmarsh*) is the name given to an alluvial flat running down to a tea-tree scrub swamp, and lying near the township of Reynella. Much of this flat is taken up for cultivation purposes.

HUT HOTEL (*Co. Burra*) is a roadside hotel on the main road from Kooringa to Kapunda, and lying 2 miles from Stony gap.

HUT RIVER (*Co. Stanley*) is a fine stream rising near Seven-hill, and flowing about 20 miles in a general N. direction past the township of Clare, and through good pastoral country into the Broughton river, on its S. side.

HYNAM RUN (*S.E. district*;) lease, No. 166; occupier, Mr. A. Smith; area, 63 square miles; grazing capacity, 16,000 sheep, or 235 per square mile; Goyder's valuation, £872 per annum, deducting improvements valued at £1890. This run lies 220 miles S.S.E. of Adelaide, and 85 miles E.N.E. of Robe (Guichen bay,) where the wool is shipped. On this run, and on the purchased land round the head station, are 20,000 sheep, 170 head of cattle, and 30 horses.

ILLAPINIPA STATION (*N. district*) is a portion of the Mitchelli run, held under a separate lease by J. Williams. See MITCHELLI RUN.

ILLUSION PLAINS (*Flinders district*) is the name given to a large tract of flat country lying on the Frome river, and to the S.E. of lake Eyre. It was explored by Parry in 1858, and was found to consist of poor country, with large patches of pebbles imbedded in sand, but at times these were replaced by clay plains, rent and fissured if dry, and boggy if retaining moisture.

INGLEWOOD (*Co. Adelaide*) is a small village on the Para river, lying 3½ miles from Stevenon. It has a scattered agricultural population, and 1 hotel—the Inglewood.

INKERMAN (*Co. Gawler*) is a N.W. hundred of the county, containing a small quantity of purchased land on its N. side, the S. bank of the Wakefield river. The area of this hundred, including those of the hundreds of Balaklava and Dalkey, is 204,800 acres, the cultivated land being 1423 acres. The population numbers 253 persons.

INMAN RIVER (*Co. Hindmarsh*) is a stream rising in the Yankalilla range, and flowing in an E. direction through Inman valley, into the sea at Encounter bay, to the S.W. of Victor harbour.

INMAN VALLEY (*Co. Hindmarsh*) is the name given to a tract of good agricultural land lying to the N. of Victor harbour, near Bald hill, and inhabited by a number of small farmers, chiefly engaged in the cultivation of wheat. The Inman river flows through the valley.

INMAN VALLEY (*Co. Hindmarsh*) is a postal village in the electoral district and hundred of Encounter bay, and under the control of the Encounter bay and Yankalilla district councils. The upper part of Inman valley is situated on the Nixon river, and the lower on the Inman river. The district is an agricultural one, wheat and oats, chiefly the former, being cultivated. The nearest places are Encounter bay, 12 miles E.; Yankalilla, 8 miles W.; and Myponga, 10 miles N.; there being no public means of conveyance to those places. With Adelaide, 58 miles N.N.W., the communication is from Yankalilla by Rounsevell's coach, and the nearest hotel is at Yankalilla. Inman valley has a post office, a Congregational chapel, and a common school. The resident magistrate is F. A. Lindsay, Esq., J.P. The surrounding country is elevated, and nearly surrounded by a chain of high hills. The population numbers about 360 persons. For a description of the neighbouring country, see HINDMARSH COUNTY.

INVERBRACHIE (*Co. Adelaide*) is a small village lying on the S.W. of the pleasant suburb of Woodside. It has a Scotch kirk and a manse, the residence of the pastor, the Rev. J. McBean. The population is scattered, and is chiefly engaged in agricultural and gardening pursuits. There is a public pound in the village.

head, in the direction of S.E. by E. and contains 3 large sandy coves, which may be used for anchorage by vessels of not very great draught of water. This point was so called by Flinders, the discoverer, in compliment to the Secretary of the Admiralty.

MARTIN (JAFFA of Flinders' charts) CAPE, 37° 30' 30" S. lat., 140° 4' E. long. (*Co. Grey*) is the N. point of the Rivoli bay, in which there is anchorage in 5 or 6 fathoms. The coast between the two capes are very sandy and sterile, with hummocks upon it, visible at the distance of 4 leagues. From cape Martin an extensive ledge of rocks with heavy breakers stretches off to the S., leaving a passage of 1½ miles wide between it and a short reef from cape Buffon (of Flinders) into the anchorage of Rivoli bay. The tide is uncertain on this part of the coast; small coasters should be very cautious, and get an offing in time, as the sea is here heavy, and rises quickly.

MARTIN ISLAND (*Spencer's Gulf*.) See SIR J. BANKS'S GROUP.

MARTIN'S WASHPOOL (*Co. Cardwell*) is the name of a waterhole in the N. part of Tilley's swamp, and on the side of the main road from Wellington to Macdonnell. It lies a few miles beyond the salt creek accommodation house.

MARY, MOUNT (*Kangaroo island*) is a peak in the low ranges on the S. side of Kangaroo island, lying to the N. of Vivonne bay, and separating the heads of the Harriet and Eleanor rivers, which rise to the W. and E. of the hill respectively.

MARYVALE RUN (*W. district*;) leases, Nos. 568, 642, and 828; occupier W. A. Horn; areas, respectively 103, 68, and 11 square miles. This run lies to the S.W. of Parlour hill, between Venus and Streaky bays, the next post offices.

MASILLON ISLE (*Flinders district W.*) is a small rocky island, lying to the S. of the St. Francis's group, in Nuyt's archipelago. It attains an elevation of 209 feet above sea level.

MASON'S HILL (*Co. Russell*) is a hill lying to the S. of the township of Wellington E., and on the road from that place to the S.E. district.

MASSACRE, LAKE (*Flinders district*.) See KADLI BIERI.

MATTA MATTA MINE (*Co. Daly*) is a copper mine lying 85 miles N.W. by N. of Adelaide, and one of the richest of the Wallaroo mines. It has 2 shafts, and a fine lode of ore, cut at the 10-foot level, consisting of rich green carbonate and grey sulphuret, with red oxide and malleable copper ore. This mine is a very wet one, and operations have occasionally to be stopped in consequence. It is at present being worked by a company, who are progressing favourably. The following is an abstract of the directors' last report:—"In submitting the usual half-yearly statement of account and the captain's report on the mine, your directors have much pleasure in congratulating the shareholders on the improved position of their property since last meeting; the six months' operations having resulted in sufficient profit to pay off the old debt to Messrs. Hughes and Horn. The main drain has entirely fulfilled the purpose for which it was constructed; and the strong influx of water, which at one time prevented sinking below the 30-fathom level, has now been reduced to very moderate proportions, and is readily kept under control by the engine at a speed of only four and a-half strokes per minute. Sinking the main shaft has, therefore, been resumed, and it has now reached 15 feet below the 30-fathom level. The quantity of ore raised during the six months amounts to 909 tons, of which 407 tons have been sold to the English and Australian copper company; but considering the low price of ore, and that a change for the better may reasonably be expected to take place in a few months, your directors, have latterly considered it more advisable to avail themselves of the low rates of freight to England to ship their ores in preference to selling them on the spot, and 408 tons have accordingly gone forward per *Omagh* and *Meander*, leaving 94 tons on hand at the mines."

MATTAWARRUMGALLA RUN (*N. district*;) leases, Nos. 238, 334, 420, and 496; occupier, C. W. Davies; total area, 190 square miles. Stock on run, 8500 sheep and 100 head of cattle. The grazing capability is uncertain, and depends on the seasons. There is a government post office, and an aboriginal depôt on this run. It lies on the Siccus river, about 12 miles from its source, and 45 miles E. of Kanyaka the next post town. See also HOLLOWELENA.

MAYURA RUN (*S.E. district*;) lease, No. 194; occupier, G. Glen; area, 94 square miles; grazing capacity, 13,000 sheep, or 155 per square mile; Goyder's valuation, £468 per annum, deducting improvements valued at £160. There are 14,000

miles W., there being no regular communication with any of these places. With Adelaide 6¼ miles N.E., the communication is by mail conveyance daily. Sturt has a post office, a store, and 1 hotel—the Farriers' arms—and a flour mill. The country to the S.E. is hilly, and that to the N.W. flat. The resident magistrates are W. H. F. Sumner, P. Cumming, and B. H. Babbage, Esqs. The population is small and scattered.

STURT COUNTY lies between the main range on the W. and the lower part of the Murray river on the E., and forms part of the electoral districts of Gumeracka, Onkaparinga, and Mount Barker. It is bounded on the N. by the county Eyre, on the S. by lake Alexandrina, on the W. by the counties Adelaide and Hindmarsh, and on the E. by the Murray river. This county is divided into the hundreds of S. Rhine, Angas, Ridley, Tungkillo, Finness, Kamantoo, Monarto, Mobolong, Freeling, and Brinkley. The W. part of the county consists mostly of purchased land, used for agricultural purposes; but the E. portion is more adapted for, and taken up as pastoral country. The principal stream in the county is the Reedy creek, although it is watered on its E. and W. sides by the Murray river and the Bremer river respectively. In the W. part of the county and in the hundred of Tungkillo are some productive copper mines, known as the Reedy creek mines. The E. part of the county, although lying within the settled pastoral districts, is, except in scattered patches, almost unavailable, as it lies within the belt of dense mallee brush known as the Murray scrub. The area of this county is 1343 square miles, or 859,520 acres, the purchased land being 224,287 acres, the land held by freeholders 125,223 acres, land enclosed 140,438 acres, and land under cultivation 34,940 acres, leaving 105,498 acres enclosed but not cultivated. The live stock numbers 3292 horses, 10,418 horned cattle, 106,800 sheep, 245 goats, 2944 pigs, and 15,397 head of poultry. Of the land under cultivation 24,067 acres are under wheat, 637 acres under barley, 151 acres under oats, 3813 acres under hay, 135 acres under green forage, 87 acres under peas, and 48 acres under other crops; 5365 acres are fallow, and 123 acres under potatoes. There are 108 acres of orchards, 155 acres of gardens, and 251 acres of vineyards, the latter having 201,053 vines in bearing, and 97,591 vines not in bearing. The crops for the year ending March 31st, 1866, were 266,377 bushels wheat, 9159 bushels barley, 1529 bushels oats, 3768 tons hay, 145 tons potatoes, 23,158 gallons wine, and 195 cwt. grapes. The population numbers 5861 persons, being an increase of 1315 since 1861. There are 1339 dwelling-houses, as against 1015 in that year.

STURT ELECTORAL DISTRICT is bounded by a line commencing at the S.W. angle of the Park lands; thence in an easterly direction by the S. boundary line of the Park lands to the main South-eastern road; thence by the S.W. side of the said road, to the boundary between the hundreds of Adelaide and Noarlunga; thence westerly by the boundary between the hundreds of Adelaide and Noarlunga to its intersection with the N. boundary of section 81; thence westerly to the South road, passing through section 123, hundred of Noarlunga; thence southerly by the South road to its intersection with the N. boundary of section 524; thence westerly to the road along the E. side of section 572; thence northerly to its N.E. angle; thence westerly by the boundary between sections 569 and 572 to the sea coast; thence N. by sea coast to the Bay road; thence by the Bay road to the point of commencement. It comprises the corporations of Glenelg (S. part) and Brighton, and the district councils of Brighton and Mitcham. It has a population of 6030 persons, and an area of 60 square miles, or 40,787 acres, of which 12,234 acres are under cultivation. The voting places for this district are Unley, Brighton, and South road. Sturt is represented in the Legislative Assembly by R. B. Andrews and J. Peacock, Esqs. The number of registered electors for 1865 in this district was, for the Legislative Council, 594; and for the Legislative Assembly, 775.

STURT LIGHT (*Kangaroo island*.) See WILLOUGHBY CAPE.

STURT LIGHT (*Kangaroo island*.) 35° 51' 33" S. lat., 138° 10' 50" E. long., mag. var., 6° 28" E., is the name of a lighthouse erected on cape Willoughby, Kangaroo island. It has 1 catoptric revolving light, which may be seen at a distance of 24 miles, within an arc included from N. 14° 30' W. to S. 48° W. round by E. It exhibits a flash every 1½ minutes. The lighthouse tower stands on a bold rocky headland, elevated 228 feet above low water-mark, and 67 feet above the ground it is built on. See also CAPE WILLOUGHBY.

STURT, MOUNT (*Flinders district*.) is a S. peak of the Gawler range, passed by Eyre on his exploration journey from Streaky bay to the head of Spencer's gulf in

WYAKA MINE (*N. district*) is a copper mine, lying 210 miles N. of Adelaide, not now worked.

WYWALKARWAH RUN (*S.E. district*;) lease, No. 8; occupiers, J. and A. Cooke; area 6 square miles; grazing capability, 1000 sheep, or 125 per square mile; Goyder's valuation, £48 per annum, deducting improvements valued at £10. This run lies 75 miles S.E. by E. of Adelaide.

YAANA (*Flinders district*.) See PONARA.

YABMANA RUN (*W. district*;) leases, Nos. 269, 427, 480, 486, 530, 707, 911, and 1101; occupier, J. M'Kechnie; respective areas, 43, 13, 10, 11, 80, 10, 20, and 21 square miles. This run lies at Franklin harbour, the nearest post town being port Augusta, which lies about 90 miles N.E.

YABMANA, No. 2 RUN (*W. district*;) leases, Nos. 401 and 904; occupier, P. M'Kechnie; total area, 26 and 9 square miles. This run adjoins the Yabmana run No. 1—which see.

YADNA CREEK (*Flinders district N.*) is a stream flowing on the W. side of the Black rock, through the pastoral country of Mitchelili run.

YALABINGA RUN (*W. district*.) See HALL MOUNT, N. RUN.

YALBINDA (*Flinders district*.) See PONARA.

YALINA RUN (*N. district*;) lease, No. 593; occupiers, Roberts and Smart; area, 75 square miles; rental, £17 10s. This run lies near mount Distance in the Far North.

YALLANA (or **YALLUNA**) RUN *W. district*;) lease, No. 114; occupier, W. R. Mortlock; area, 37 square miles; grazing capability, 5000 sheep, or 135 per square mile; Goyder's valuation, £65 per annum, deducting improvements, valued at £1300. This run lies 25 miles N. by E. of port Lincoln, the wool being shipped at Tumbay bay, 6 miles W. This run also includes leases, Nos. 443 and 832, which have respective areas of 10 and 13 square miles. See also STRAWBERRY HILL RUN.

YANAHERRY (*Flinders district*) is the native name of a fine sheet of fresh water, lying about 6 miles N.E. of the Pernatty lagoon, and on the Pernatty creek, under the S. of Bonney's bluff. It was found by Swinden's party, on their second journey along the W. coast of lake Torrens. It is situated about 80 miles N.W. of port Augusta.

YANKALILLA (*Co. Hindmarsh*) is a postal township in the electoral district of Encounter bay, hundred of Yankalilla, and under the control of the district council of Yankalilla. It is situated on the Bungala river, and 2 miles distant from the Carracalinga river, in an agricultural and mining district, wheat and other grain being largely grown in the fertile valleys of the locality, and there being a copper and a silver lead mine, both within about 4 miles distant. There is a flour mill and a brewery in the township. The nearest township is Normanville, the sea-port, 2 miles distant, the communication, as with Adelaide, 50 miles N., being by daily mail car, and by omnibus twice a-week. Yankalilla is a prettily-situated township, lying in a valley about 2 miles from the sea, and having a post and money order office, a telegraph office, a mechanics' or literary institute, a public pound, a volunteer rifle corps, a branch of the South Australian insurance company, a rocket apparatus, and 1 hotel—the Yankalilla. The surrounding district is mountainous, the intervening valleys being fertile, and mostly taken up by an industrious class of small farmers, who raise excellent crops of wheat and other produce. The resident magistrates are J. Heathcote and S. Herbert, Esqs. The population numbers about 200 persons.

YANKALILLA (*Co. Hindmarsh*) is a district council in the electoral district of Encounter bay. It is under the control of a chairman, the present one being Mr. J. Butterworth of Normanville, and 4 councillors. The receipts and expenditure in this district council for 1865 were as follow:—Assessment, £10,055 7s.—rate, 1s. in the pound; rates collected, £420 10s. 4d.; total receipts, £1355 15s. 10d.; office expenses and salaries, £89 9s. 4d.; expended on public works, £983 15s. The population numbers 1890 persons. The area is 94 square miles, or 60,160 acres; land under cultivation, 9654 acres; and number of dwelling-houses, 339.

YANKALILLA (*Co. Hindmarsh*) is a hundred lying in the S.W. corner of the county, and on the S.E. shore of the gulf of St. Vincent. It is a mineral and agricultural country, containing about half of its area in purchased land, principally taken up for agricultural purposes.

